

APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD): 26-Jun-2014

B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER: Tulsa District, SWT-2014-00303-JD1

C. PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

State : OK - Oklahoma
County/parish/borough: Tulsa
City: Broken Arrow
Lat: 35.9844
Long: -95.8262
Universal Transverse Mercator
Folder UTM List
UTM list determined by folder location
• NAD83 / UTM zone 15N
Waters UTM List
UTM list determined by waters location
• NAD83 / UTM zone 15N

Name of nearest waterbody:

Name of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW): Arkansas River

Name of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): 11110101

- ☐ Check if map/diagram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request.
☐ Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc.) are associated with the action and are recorded on a different JD form.

D. REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION:

- ☒ Office Determination Date: 26-Jun-2014
☒ Field Determination Date(s): ☐ 25-Jun-2014

SECTION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

A. RHA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION

There "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review area.

- ☐ Waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
☐ Waters are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Explain:

B. CWA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.

There "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area.

1. Waters of the U.S.

a. Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review area:¹

Water Name	Water Type(s) Present
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
SWT-2014-303_Adjacent Wetland	Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs

b. Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area:

Area: 0 (m²)

Linear: 0 (m)

c. Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction:

based on: Established by OHWM.

OHWM Elevation: 708 (if known)

2. Non-regulated waters/wetlands:³

Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional. Explain:

SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS

A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs

1. TNW

Not Applicable.

2. Wetland Adjacent to TNW

Not Applicable.

B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):

1. Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW

(i) General Area Conditions:

Watershed size: 3808 acres

Drainage area: 246 acres

Average annual rainfall: 41 inches

Average annual snowfall: 9.7 inches

(ii) Physical Characteristics

(a) Relationship with TNW:

- ☐ Tributary flows directly into TNW.
☒ Tributary flows through [] tributaries before entering TNW.

:Number of tributaries

Project waters are 30 (or more) river miles from TNW.

Project waters are 1-2 river miles from RPW.

Project Waters are 25-30 aerial (straight) miles from TNW.

Project waters are 1-2 aerial(straight) miles from RPW.

- ☐ Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries.

Explain:

The waters do not cross or serve as state boundaries.

Identify flow route to TNW:⁵

The waters meet two unnamed tributaries before reaching the Arkansas River. Once the waters meet RPW of the Arkansas River, it flows 37 miles to Section 10 boundary of Arkansas River, Webbers Falls Pool.

Tributary Stream Order, if known:

Order	Tributary Name
1	SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream

(b) General Tributary Characteristics:

Tributary is:

Tributary Name	Natural	Artificial	Explain	Manipulated	Explain
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SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	-	-	-	X	Cement rubble and culverts have been placed on the south end of each pond for drainage and erosion purposes.
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Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estimate):

Tributary Name	Width (ft)	Depth (ft)	Side Slopes
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	3	1	2:1

Primary tributary substrate composition:

Tributary Name	Silt	Sands	Concrete	Cobble	Gravel	Muck	Bedrock	Vegetation	Other
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Tributary (conditions, stability, presence, geometry, gradient):

Tributary Name	Condition/Stability	Run/Riffle/Pool Complexes	Geometry	Gradient (%)
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	Heavy rain events appear to be carving away at the sandy slopes of this tributary ephemeral stream.	There are two man-made ponds on this stream channel which are jurisdictional. There is a wetland adjacent to the west on the southern pond. No runs, pools, or riffles exist to the north of the ephemeral stream. Water begins to pool just south of the southern pond on the project area.	Meandering	1

(c) Flow:

Tributary Name	Provides for	Events Per Year	Flow Regime	Duration & Volume
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	Ephemeral flow	11-20	Ephemeral drainage flows into two ponds before pooling up just south of the southern most pond.	N/A

Surface Flow is:

Tributary Name	Surface Flow	Characteristics
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	Overland sheetflow	Rain events appear to be carving the sand and forming new drainage points.

Subsurface Flow:

Tributary Name	Subsurface Flow	Explain Findings	Dye (or other) Test
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	No	N/A	-

Tributary has:

Tributary Name	Bed & Banks	OHWM	Discontinuous OHWM?	Explain
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	-	X	-	-

Tributaries with OHWM⁶ - (as indicated above)

Tributary Name	OHWM	Clear	Litter	Changes in Soil	Destruction Vegetation	Shelving	Wrack Line	Matted/Absent Vegetation	Sediment Sorting	Leaf Litter	Scour	Sediment Deposition	Flow Events	Water Staining	Changes Plant	Other
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	X	-	-	-	-	X	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction:**High Tide Line indicated by:**

Not Applicable.

Mean High Water Mark indicated by:

Tributary Name	MHWM	Survey to Datum	Physical Markings	Vegetation Lines Change in Type
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	-	-	-	X

(iii) Chemical Characteristics:

Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.).

Tributary Name	Explain	Identify specific pollutants, if known
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	Ephemeral stream was dry with sandy bed. There appeared to be riparian zones on the northern end and southern end of the project area.	No known specific pollutants.

(iv) Biological Characteristics. Channel supports:

Tributary Name	Riparian Corridor	Characteristics	Wetland Fringe	Characteristics	Habitat
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	X	Riparian width appears to be 325 ft.	-	-	-

2. Characteristics of wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow directly or indirectly into TNW**(i) Physical Characteristics:****(a) General Wetland Characteristics:****Properties:**

Wetland Name	Size (Acres)	Wetland Type	Wetland Quality	Cross or Serve as State Boundaries. Explain
SWT-2014-303_Adjacent Wetland	.08	Wet meadow type. This wetland is emergent which filters sediment and nutrient loads to the southern pond that it adjoins.	-	Wetland does not cross or serve as state boundary or and other form of boundary.

(b) General Flow Relationship with Non-TNW:**Flow is:**

Wetland Name	Flow	Explain
SWT-2014-303_Adjacent Wetland	Ephemeral flow.	-

Surface flow is:

Wetland Name	Flow	Characteristics
SWT-2014-303_Adjacent Wetland	Overland sheetflow	Low lying, depressional, previously disturbed area.

Subsurface flow:

Wetland Name	Subsurface Flow	Explain Findings	Dye (or other) Test
SWT-2014-303_Adjacent Wetland	Unknown	N/A	-

(c) Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW:

Wetland Name	Directly Abutting	Discrete Wetland Hydrologic Connection	Ecological Connection	Separated by Berm/Barrier
SWT-2014-303_Adjacent Wetland	No	X	-	-

(d) Proximity (Relationship) to TNW:

	River Miles	Aerial Miles		

Wetland Name	From TNW	From TNW	Flow Direction	Within Floodplain
SWT-2014-303_Adjacent Wetland	25-30	25-30	Wetland to navigable waters	-

(ii) Chemical Characteristics:

Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.).

Wetland Name	Explain	Identify specific pollutants, if known
SWT-2014-303_Adjacent Wetland	-	No specific pollutants known.

(iii) Biological Characteristics. Wetland supports:

Wetland Name	Riparian Buffer	Characteristics	Vegetation	Explain
SWT-2014-303_Adjacent Wetland	-	-	X	Hydrophitic vegetation was observed at time of site inspection.

3. Characteristics of all wetlands adjacent to the tributary (if any):

All wetlands being considered in the cumulative analysis:

Not Applicable.

Summarize overall biological, chemical and physical functions being performed:

Not Applicable.

C. SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION

A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW. For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.

Findings for: SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream, SWT-2014-303_Adjacent Wetland

The unnamed tributary has the potential to transfer nutrients and organic carbons to downstream food web during rain events to the TNW. This stream segment, along with two man made jurisdictional ponds within this stream channel, collects and transports water and sediments, and provides nutrient cycling, sediment retention, and filtration, all of which improves water quality of the TNW.

Therefore, the unnamed tributary has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the downstream TNW due to their integral ecological relationship.

D. DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE:

1. TNWs and Adjacent Wetlands:

Not Applicable.

2. RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:

Not Applicable.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area:

Not Applicable.

3. Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:⁸

Not Applicable.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area:

Tributary Name	Type	Size (Linear) (m)	Size (Area) (m ²)
SWT-2014-303_Ephemeral Stream	Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	576.072	-
Total:		576.072	0

4. Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.

Not Applicable.

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area:

Not Applicable.

5. Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:

Not Applicable.

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area:

Not Applicable.

6. Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:

Not Applicable.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area:

Wetland Name	Type	Size (Linear) (m)	Size (Area) (m ²)
SWT-2014-303_Adjacent Wetland	Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	-	323.74848
Total:		0	323.74848

7. Impoundments of jurisdictional waters:⁹

Not Applicable.

E. ISOLATED (INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE) WATERS INCLUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE, DEGRADATION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLUDING ANY SUCH WATERS:¹⁰

Not Applicable.

Identify water body and summarize rationale supporting determination:

Not Applicable.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area:

Not Applicable.

F. NON-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS. INCLUDING WETLANDS

☐ If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did not meet the criteria in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements:☐ Review area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (or foreign) commerce:☐ Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area would have been regulated based solely on the "Migratory Bird Rule" (MBR):☐ Waters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction (Explain):☐ Other (Explain):

Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, where the sole potential basis of jurisdiction is the MBR factors (i.e., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use of water for irrigated agriculture), using best professional judgment:

Not Applicable.

Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, that do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction.
Not Applicable.

SECTION IV: DATA SOURCES.

A. SUPPORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD

(listed items shall be included in case file and, where checked and requested, appropriately reference below):

Data Reviewed	Source Label	Source Description
--Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant	Delineation of Potential Section 404 Issues	Proposed Double Eagle Development Project in Tulsa County, Oklahoma. Prepared by Enercon (Rebecca Carrol and reviewed by David X Williams, Ph.D)
--Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant	Delineation of Potential Section 404 Issues	Proposed Double Eagle Development Project in Tulsa County, Oklahoma. Prepared by Enercon (Rebecca Carroll and reviewed by David X. Williams, Ph.D.) Booklet was prepared for: Tanner Consulting, LLC 5323 South Lewis Avenue Tulsa, Oklahoma 74105
--U.S. Geological Survey map(s).	-	-
--Photographs	-	-
----Aerial	Google Earth Images	I used Google Earth aerial imagery and tools for portions of this AJD report.
--Applicable/supporting scientific literature	www.currentresults.com	http://www.currentresults.com/Weather/Oklahoma/annual-snowfall.php This is the website I used for determining the average snowfall for the Tulsa County, Oklahoma.

B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD:

Not Applicable.

¹Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.

²For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally" (e.g., typically 3 months).

³Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

⁴Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.

⁵Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW.

⁶A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break.

⁷Ibid.

⁸See Footnote #3.

⁹To complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.

¹⁰Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA Act Jurisdiction Following Rapanos.