



# REVISING THE 1975 CANTON LAKE MASTER PLAN



**Draft Master Plan Document Release**

**17 December 2025**

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Tulsa District**



**U.S. ARMY**



# Purpose

- Announce the availability of the draft Canton Lake Master Plan revision and accompanying Environmental Assessment.
- Highlight changes proposed in the revised Master Plan compared to the previous 1975 version.
- The draft Master Plan with Environmental Assessment documents are available for 45-day public comment period beginning December 17, 2025, and closing on January 30, 2026.



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# Process Followed to Date

- Initial public open house was conducted on July 23, 2024.
- All comments were considered. See Appendix E of the draft Master Plan for comments and Government responses.
- A draft Environmental Assessment (EA) was prepared and is available in the Master Plan Appendix.



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# What Is A Master Plan?

- The purpose of a Master Plan is to establish guidelines for comprehensive management and development of all recreational, natural and cultural resources
- Main focus is stewardship of natural and cultural resources and provision of quality outdoor recreation facilities and opportunities
- Proposed effective life of a Master Plan is 25 years
- Recreational use of the water surface is addressed



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# What Master Plans Are Not

Master Plans **do not** address in detail the technical aspects of:

- Regional water quality
- Water management for flood risk management
- Water supply or water level management
- Shoreline management (including boat docks, mowing, or other permits)



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# Land Classification Definitions

Source: Engineering Pamphlet (EP) 1130-2-550

Land Classification	Definition
<b>Project Operations</b>	Lands required for the dam, spillway, levees, office, maintenance facilities and other areas that are used solely for project operations.
<b>High Density Recreation</b>	Land developed for intensive recreational activities for the visiting public, including day use areas and campground areas for commercial concessions, and quasi-public development.
<b>Multiple Resource Management Lands</b>	<b>Low Density Recreation:</b> Lands with minimal development or infrastructure that support passive public recreational use (e.g., trails, primitive camping, wildlife observation, fishing and hunting). <b>Wildlife Management:</b> Lands designated for the stewardship of fish and wildlife resources. <b>Vegetative Management:</b> Lands designated for the stewardship of forest, prairie, and other native vegetative cover. <b>Inactive and/or Future Recreation Areas:</b> Recreation areas planned for the future or that have been temporarily closed.
<b>Environmentally Sensitive Areas</b>	Areas where scientific, ecological, cultural or aesthetic features have been identified. These areas must be considered by management to ensure they are not adversely impacted.
<b>Mitigation</b>	Lands acquired or designated specifically for offsetting losses associated with development of the project. Lands allocated as separable mitigation lands can only be given this classification.



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# Water Surface Classifications

Source: Engineering Pamphlet (EP) 1130-2-550

Water Surface Classification	Definition
<b>Open Recreation</b>	Those waters available for year-round or seasonal water-based recreational use.
<b>Restricted</b>	Water areas restricted for project operations, safety, and security purposes.
<b>Designated No-Wake</b>	To protect environmentally sensitive shoreline areas, recreational water access areas from disturbance, and for public safety.
<b>Fish and Wildlife Sanctuary</b>	Annual or seasonal restrictions on areas to protect fish and wildlife species during periods of migration, resting, feeding, nesting, and/or spawning.



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# Proposed Changes in Land & Water Surface Classifications

Prior Land Classifications (1975)	Acres	Proposed Land Classifications (2025)	Acres
Project Management Area	71	Project Operations (PO)	523
		Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESA)	543
Public Use Areas	564	High Density Recreation (HDR)	635
State Wildlife Management	10,910	Multiple Resource Management – Wildlife Management (WM)	11,150
Not Classified	413		
Cheyenne-Arapaho Areas	530		
<b>TOTAL LAND ACRES</b>	<b>12,488</b>	<b>TOTAL LAND ACRES</b>	<b>12,851</b>
Prior Water Surface Classifications (1975)	Acres	Proposed Water Surface Classifications (2025)	Acres
Open Recreation	8,484	Open Recreation	7,557
		Designated No-Wake	13
		Restricted	40
<b>TOTAL WATER SURFACE ACRES</b>	<b>8,484</b>	<b>TOTAL WATER SURFACE ACRES</b>	<b>7,610</b>
<b>TOTAL FEE</b>	<b>20,972</b>	<b>TOTAL FEE</b>	<b>20,461</b>

\* Total Acreage differences from the 1975 total to the 2025 totals are due to improvements in measurement technology, deposition/siltation, and erosion. Totals also differ due to rounding while adding parcels.



# Management Goals & Resource Objectives

- Goals and objectives were developed during the revision process specific to the following categories:
  - Recreation
  - Natural Resource Management
  - Visitor Information, Education, and Outreach
  - General Management
  - Cultural Resources Management
- A complete description of the revised goals and objectives can be found in Chapter 3 of the draft Master Plan revision.



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# National Environmental Policy Act

- The Master Plan Revision process includes compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969.
- Purpose of NEPA is to:
  - Ensure federal agencies give proper consideration to the environment prior to undertaking a federal action.
  - Involve the public (scoping) in the decision-making process.
  - Document the process by which agencies make informed decisions.
- NEPA Scoping Process:
  - Opportunity for public comments and questions on the potential impacts of proposed federal actions.
  - Includes comments by other federal, state, and local governments, and American Indian Tribal Nations.



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# NEPA Includes:

- Public exchange of information related to problems to be solved, issues to be addressed, and potential alternatives
- Identification and evaluation of a broad range of alternatives
- Identification and quantification of potential impacts
- Screening of non-relevant issues from analysis
- Documentation of analysis and coordination through preparation of NEPA documents, such as an Environmental Assessment (EA) or an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)
- Federal, state, and public review of NEPA documents



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# NEPA Resources

Available on NEPAnet: <http://www.NEPA.gov>

NEPAnet Includes:

- A Citizen's Guide to NEPA – Having Your Voice Heard
- Council on Environmental Quality Regulations for Implementing NEPA (40 CFR Parts 1500-1508)

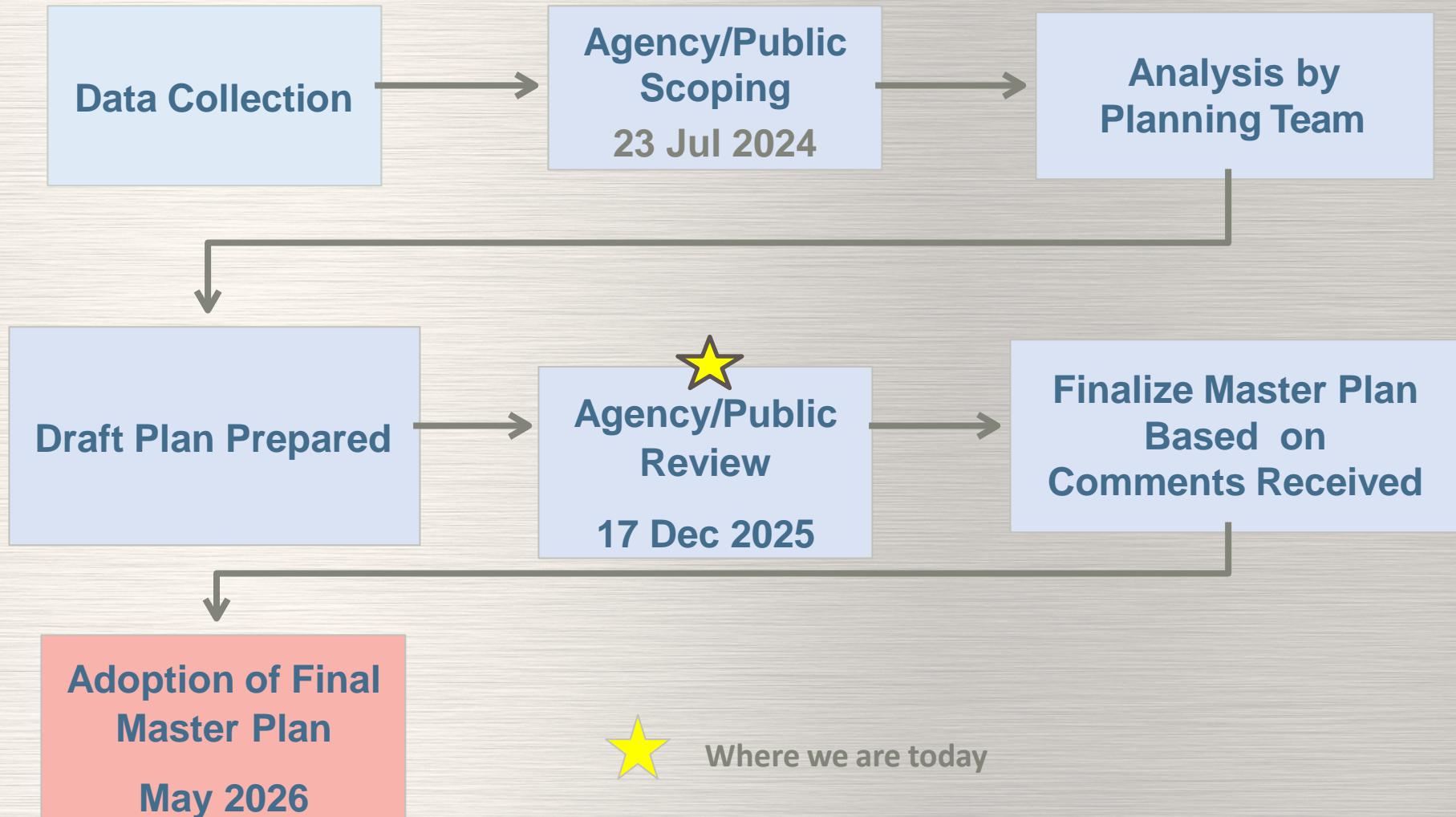


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# The Master Plan Revision Process



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# How Can You Participate?

Review the below documents at website:

<https://www.swt.usace.army.mil/Missions/Recreation/Master-Plans/>

- Draft Master Plan Document Release PowerPoint
- Draft Canton Lake Master Plan
- Draft Canton Lake Land Classification Map
- Comment Form

Submit a comment with your input on the proposed Master Plan revision.



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# Canton Lake Master Plan Revision Comments

## HOW TO SUBMIT YOUR COMMENTS:

- Send an email, letter or use the comment form available on the website and either mail or email to USACE. All three methods are acceptable.
- By mail: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers  
Lake Manager  
64600 N 2466 RD  
Canton, OK 73724-9522
- By email: [CESWT-OD-NR@usace.army.mil](mailto:CESWT-OD-NR@usace.army.mil)



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